

How do you solve a linear system by graphing?

Linear System	$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{2 or more equations} \\ \text{w/ 2 variables} \end{array} \right\}$ (an) ordered pair that makes both equations true
System of Equations	
Solution	
Types of Systems:	
Consistent	have ≥ 1 solution
--Independent	has exactly 1 solution
--Dependent	has infinite solutions same line!
Inconsistent	has <u>no</u> solution parallel lines \rightarrow same slope diff. y int
To solve by graphing:	1) Graph lines! \rightarrow ① $y = mx + b$ OR ② x & y intercepts
	2) look @ point of intersection (x,y)
	3) plug in to BOTH equations to check!
To write a system:	1) what do x & y represent?
	2) what is each equation about?
Examples:	20. Determine whether each of the following systems of equations have one solution, infinitely many solutions, or no solution. Select the correct answer for each lettered part.
	a. $\begin{cases} x + y = 5 \\ -6y - 6y = 30 \end{cases}$
	b. $\begin{cases} x + y = 7 \\ 5x + 2y = 23 \end{cases}$
	c. $\begin{cases} 3x + y = 5 \\ 6x + 2y = 12 \end{cases}$
	d. $\begin{cases} 2x + 5y = -12 \\ x + 7y = -15 \end{cases}$
	e. $\begin{cases} 3x + 5y = 17 \\ -6x - 10y = -34 \end{cases}$

Answer:

How do you solve a linear system by substitution!

Substitution Method

Plug in 1 variable in place of another!

Steps:

1) Isolate one variable *look for no coeff.*

$$\begin{aligned} 3x + y &= 20 \\ 2x - 4y &= -60 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 20 - 3x$$

2) In ~~second~~ equation, replace THAT variable with *resulting expression*

$$2x - 4(20 - 3x) = -60$$

3) Solve for remaining variable

D. $2x - 4(20 - 3x) = -60$

CLT $2x - 120 + 12x = -60$

$$\begin{aligned} 20x - 120 &= -60 \\ +120 & \quad +120 \\ \hline 20x &= 60 \\ \frac{20x}{20} &= \frac{60}{20} \\ x &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

4) Go back, plug in what you found to find the OTHER variable!

$$y = 20 - 3(3) = 11$$

5) CHECK! (in the other equation)

$$\begin{aligned} 2(3) - 4(11) &\stackrel{?}{=} -60 \\ 6 - 44 &= -60 \end{aligned} \quad (3, 11)$$

You Try!

$$3. \begin{cases} y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 2 \\ y + 4 = -\frac{4}{3}x \end{cases}$$

Answer:

How do you solve systems by elimination?

Elimination
AKA
combination

Solving by combining 2 equations to eliminate one variable and solve for the other

Steps:

only sometimes

- 1) Put both equations in standard form $Ax + By = C$
- 2) Decide which variable to eliminate--- multiply one or both variables so that coefficients are ADDITIVE INVERSES
- 3) Combine equations $x + (-x) = 0x$
- 4) Solve for remaining variable
- 5) Plug that value into 1 equation to solve for the OTHER variable *original*
- 6) Check in other equation!

**notice how y already has diff signs*

$$5. \begin{cases} 2(2x + 3y = -1) \\ 3(5x - 2y = -12) \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{aligned} 2(-2) + 3y &= -1 \\ -4 + 3y &= -1 \\ 3y &= -3 \\ y &= -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 6y = -2 \\ + 15x - 6y = -36 \\ \hline 19x = -38 \\ x = -2 \end{array}$$

check: ?
 $5(-2) - 2(-1) = -12$
✓

$(-2, 1)$

Answer:

How do you graph the solutions to a system of linear inequalities?

System of Linear Inequalities

2 or more linear inequalities in the form

$$y > mx + b \text{ or } ax + by < c$$

Rules for graphing inequalities

- 1) Graph as $y = mx + b$
- 2) Line- dashed OR solid?
- 3) Shaded- above OR below?

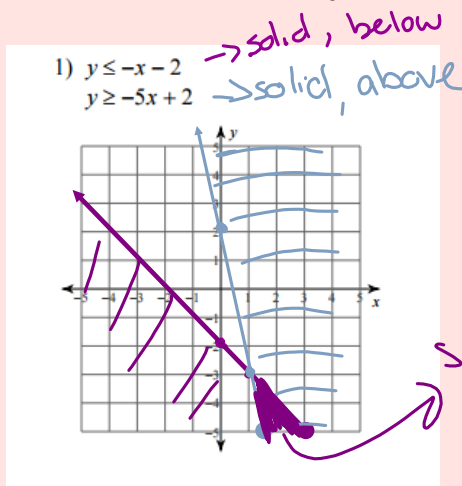
Graph each inequality & shade!

Look for area that overlaps!

Test point!

---if not shaded by both, NOT a solution!

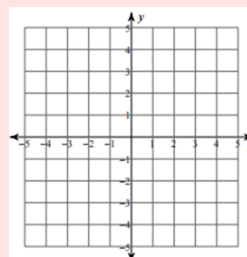
example



You Try!

$$2x + 3y > 6$$

$$x - 4y \leq 8$$



Answer: