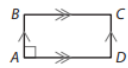

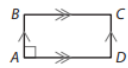

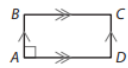

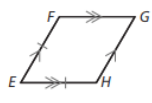
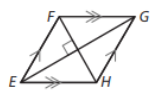
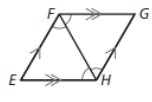
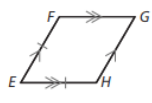
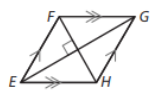
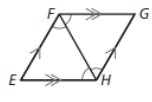
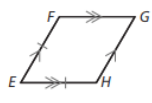
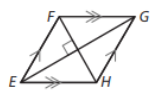
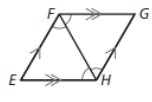


What are the properties of parallelograms, rectangles, rhombuses, and squares?

Quadrilateral	4 sided polygon								
Parallelogram	2 pairs of parallel sides - opposite sides are CONGRUENT - opposite angles are CONGRUENT - diagonals BISECT <i>• consecutive angles are supplementary</i>								
Rectangle	4 right angles (also parallelogram) - diagonals are congruent								
Rhombus	4 equal sides - diagonals are perpendicular - diagonals bisect angles								
Square	Rectangle + Rhombus!								
<i>Special Conditions:</i>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Theorems: Conditions for Rectangles</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>If one angle of a parallelogram is a right angle, then the parallelogram is a rectangle.</td> <td>  </td> </tr> <tr> <td>If the diagonals of a parallelogram are congruent, then the parallelogram is a rectangle.</td> <td>  </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Theorems: Conditions for Rectangles		If one angle of a parallelogram is a right angle, then the parallelogram is a rectangle.		If the diagonals of a parallelogram are congruent, then the parallelogram is a rectangle.			
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How can slope criteria help you identify types of parallelograms?

Parallel

$$y = mx + b$$

Slope

Same slope

\parallel = Parallel

Perpendicular

opposite reciprocals

\perp = perpendicular

Trapezoid

****One set of parallel lines (only one!)--that are NOT congruent!**

Using slope criteria

